BUILDING AND STRUCTURES HIST-6 NEW 5. 77

STATE OF CONNECTICUT CONNECTICUT HISTORICAL COMMISSION

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY													
Town No.:				Site No.: 70									
UTM	:		:		;	:				!		:	;
QUAD:													-
DISTE	ICT	,	*****	1	١F	NR	SPE	CI	FY				

	59 SOUTH PROSPECT STREET, HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT 06106 (203) 566-3005 QUAD:									
1			DISTR	NR	IF NR SPE	Potential				
	1. BUILDING NAME (Common)	(Historic)								
TION	Durham Academy/Coginchaug School Durham Academy									
	2. TOWN CITY VILLAGE	Middlesex								
	Durham 3. STREET AND NUMBER (and or location)									
ŏ	50 Main Street									
T F	4. OWNER(S)			Г	1	X Private				
IDENTIFICATION	Venuti, Karen 5 USE (Present)	(Historic)	·	L	Public	A Private				
	Vacant		atema	al Meet:	ing Hall,	Post Office				
	6. ACCESSIBILITY EXTERIOR VISIBLE FROM PUBLIC ROAD INTERIOR ACCES	٦ ١٠., -								
	TO PUBLIC: X Yes No X Yes	No With		OF CONST	RUCTION					
	Greek Revival		184	13-44						
	8. MATERIAL(S) (Indicate use or location when appropriate)	☐ Other	.1							
	Clapboard Asbestos Siding X Brick	☐ (Specify	/)							
	Foundate Wood Shingle Asphalt Siding Fields									
	and the same of th	,								
	Board & Batten Stucco Cobble	stone								
	Aluminum Concrete Cut sto Siding Type: Type:									
	9. STRUCTURAL SYSTEM				y)					
	Wood frame X Post and beam balloon			ier (Specify	y)					
	Load bearing masonry Structural iron or steel									
	X Gable Flat Mansard Monitor	sawtoot	th							
	Gambrel Shed Hip Round	Other			·					
SCRIPTION	Gambrel Shed Hip Round (Material)	[(Specif	γ/							
RIP	C Roll C									
ш	Wood Shingle Asphalt Tin Slate									
۵	X: Asphalt shingle Built up Tile Other	,)								
	11 NUMBER OF STORIES APPROXIMATE DIMENSIONS 21/2 28 x42									
	12 CONDITION (Structural) (Exter	(or)								
		xcellent Go	od L	Fair	X Deteriorat	ed				
	On original									
	14 RELATED OUTBUILDINGS OR LANDSCAPE FEATURES									
	Barn Shed Garage Other landscape features or buildings (Specify)									
	Carriage Shop Garden									
	Open land land X Residential Sco									
	•	attered buildings vis	ible fro	m site						
	Commercial Indus- Itial Rural X His Indus- Itial Rural X His	gh building density		······································						
				_						
Į.	This structure stands on a small .6 acre w	wooded lot on	Durha	m's Mai	in Street.	•				
	·									

- (P	17 OTHER NOTABLE FEATURES OF BUILDING OR SITE contents and or exten	Tot I						
DESCRIF JN (Continued)	None.							
	18 ARCHITECT BU	ILDER						
	19 HISTORICAL OR ARCHITECTURAL IMPORTANCE							
SIGNIFICANCE	This is one of Durham's most important nineteenth-century public buildings. As built in 1843-44, it was a domestic vernacular structure with Greek Revival features, the most notable of these being a recessed main entry flanked by pilasters and sunnounted by a three part entablature and a cornice with a freize. Unlike the churches, however, the use of classical references was restrained, the wide corner pilasters evident on the Town Hall, the Grange Hall, and the United Churches, all of which are more or less contemporary with this structure, being reduced to narrow corner boards and lacking a pediment. The roof of the building was once surmounted by a square louvered bell-tower. This structure has been extensively altered. Its original clapboard sheating has been replaced with aluminum siding obscuring the building's original classical ornamentation. It has, moreover, been vacant and deteriorating for many years. In the spring of 1843, Miles Mervin, Jr., the Rev. Charles S. Mills, Samuel Parsons, the Rev. David Smith and Perez Sturtevant constituted themselves as the Trustees of the Durham Academy Their plan was to organize a private school offering a higher level of learning than that available in the public common schools of the town. They hoped, in the absence of public high schools in Connecticut (the first one would not be opened until the 1850s), to attract students from all over the state. In 1843, the trustees purchased a lot from Dennis Camp. The school building received its first students in the fall of 1844. The school did well at first, serving as a center of village culture—the place where public lectures were held and plays given—as well as of the higher branches of education. But increasing competition from plays given—as well as of the higher branches of education. But increasing competition from							
SOURCES	Durham Land Records; Durham Vital Records; Middletown Probate Records; Federal Census of 182 1850,1880; Beers, J.B. <u>History of Middlesex County, Connecticut</u> (New York: J.B. Beers & Co. 1884); Durham History Committee <u>Durham</u> , CT, 1866-1980: Century of Change (Durham: 1980); Fowler, William C. <u>History of Durham</u> (Durham: W.C. Fowler, 1866); Whited, Milton <u>Durham's Heritage</u> (Durham:1976); 1859 Walling Map; 1874 Beers Atlas.							
0	PHOTOGRAPHER DATE P.D. Hall 6/83							
РНОТО	VIEW NEGATIVE ON FILE							
	East 1:24							
ED BY	P.D. Hall 8/10/83							
OMPIL								
20 s	27 Washington St., Middletown, Conn. 06457 SUBSEQUENT FIELD EVALUATIONS							
(None known. Highways Vandalism Developer	s						
	Renewal Private Deterioration Zoning	Explanation						

STATE OF CONNECTICUT

CONNECTICUT HISTORICAL COMMISSION
59 South Prospect Street, Hartford, Connecticut 06106

HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY FORM

For Buildings and Structures

CONTINUATION SHEET

Item number: 19 Date: 9/29/83

DURHAM ACADEMY, 50 Main Street, Durham

TOR OFFICE USE ONLY

TOWN NO.:

UTM: 18/_/__/__/__/__/__/

QUAD:

DISTRICT: S NR: ACTUAL

POTENTIAL

the public schools, particularly the Middletown High School spelled its doom. In 1884, the Academy defaulted on its mortgage and the building was seized by its creditors. The building passed through several hands until 1891, when it was purchased by the Town of Durham and became the Coginchaug School, a consolidated school which joined together the North and Quarry School Districts. The building served from 1898 to 1923 as Durham's first high school. When the new school was completed, the old academy building was sold to the Knights of Pythias. They used it as their club house until 1973. The building also served as Durham's Post Office from 1935 through 1958, when the present post office was built. The building passed to its present owners in 1973.

Even in its deteriorated condition, this structure is Durham's most important nineteenth-century secular public building. For that reason alone it is worth rehabilitating. Its historical importance as a center of the town's culture, as school, clubhouse and post office, also justifies its restoration.