RISIURIC RESUURCES INVERIURY BUILDING AND STRUCTURES		FOR OFFICE USE ONLY				
	-6 NEW 5. 77	Town No.: Site No. 72				
	STATE OF CONNECTICUT CONNECTICUT HISTORICAL COMMISSION					
	59 SOUTH PROSPECT STREET, HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT 06106	QUAD:				
	(203) 566-3005	DISTRICT IF NR SPECIFY				
		S NR Actual Potential				
	1. BUILDING NAME (Common) (Historic) Camp, Elnat	han, House				
	2. TOWN CITY VILLAGE	COUNTY				
N	Durham	Middlesex				
AT	3. STREET AND NUMBER (and or location) NE corner Main Street and Maiden Lane					
FI	4. OWNER(S)					
DENTIFICATION	Quick, Joan M. Private					
9	5 USE (Present) (Historic) Residence and Offices					
	6. CCESSIBILITY EXTERIOR VSIBLE FROM PUBLIC ROAD INTERIOR ACCESSIBLE IF YES. EXPLAIN					
	TO PUBLIC: X Yes No X Yes No With Pe	ETTISSION				
	Colonial	1758?				
	8. MATERIAL(S) (Indicate use or location when appropriate)					
	Clapboard Asbestos Siding Brick Other (Specify)				
	Wood Shingle Asphalt Siding Fieldstone					
	Board & Batten Stucco Cobblestone					
	Aluminum Concrete Cut stone Siding Type: Type:					
	X Wood frame X Post and beam balloon	Other (Specify)				
1	Load bearing masonry Structural iron or steel					
	10. ROOF (Type) X Gable (addit) Flat Mansard Monitor sawtoot	h .				
z	X Gambrel Shed Hip Round Other (Specify)					
	(Material)					
ESCRIPTIO	Wood Shingle Asphalt Tin X Slate					
DE	C Asphalt shingle Built up Tile (Specify)					
	11 NUMBER OF STORIES APPROXIMATE DIMENSIONS					
	23 main block 42'x34'; E addition 26'x28'					
	Excellent Good X Fair Deteriorated Excellent X Good Fair Deteriorated					
	13 INTEGRITY (Location) WHEN ? (Alterations) IF YES, EXPLAIN					
	X site Moved X Yes No Three ninetee	nur-century additions to case the				
	Barn X Shed Garage Other landscape features or buildings (Specify)					
	Carriage Shop Garden					
	Den land Wood- X Residential Scattered buildings vis					
		idle from sire				
	Commercial Indus- trial Rural Information Rural Information Rural Interpret Atlansity					
	This handsome eighteenth-century structure stands on the northeast corner of Main Street					
1	This handsome eighteenth-century scructure stands on the r and Maiden Lane.					
		, (OVER)				

DESCRIF JN (Continued)				
	18 ARCHITECT BUILDER			
	19 HISTORICAL OR ARCHITECTURAL IMPORTANCE			
SIGNIFICANCE	This gambrel-roofed, double-overhang colonial structure in unlike any other building of its period in Durham in size and scale. The only house remotely approximating its grand- ness is the Elizur Goodrich House at 42 Main Streetwhich is contemporary with it and which, except for the gambrel roof, resembles it in many respects. The Elnathan Camp House is a five-bay center entrance structure. Like the Goodrich house it was probably a central chimney structurebut its original chimney has been removed. The present fenestration consists of 6x9s except for one window on the east side, which contains one of the original l2xl2s. The east side of the building contains three, nineteenth-century one story additions. The cellar of one of these additions contains a shopdoor dating from the early nineteenth century. This house stands on land granted to Thomas Mecock in 1701. He sold it to Abraham Jelit in 1706. When Jelit sold it in 1722, it contained a house and barn. Its new owner, John Camp of Milford gave the property to his son, John Camp 3rd in 1734. He gave it to his son Phineas Camp in 1785. On the same day, Phineas (who was migrating westward) sold the property, described as containing "two mansion houses and a barn" to his brother, Elnathan Camp. Although it is impossible to date the construction of this house from existing re- cords, its similarity to the Goodrich house suggests that it was built some time in the 1760s to replace the earlier and smaller Jelit house. The house was probably built for John Camp, Phineas and Elnathan's father. Elnathan already had a house and shop to the north of the property at 110 Main Street. He did not occupy this building until 1785. (CONT.			
SOURCES	Durham Land Records; Durham Vital Records; Middletown Probate Records; Federal Census of 1820 1850,1880; Beers, J.B. <u>History of Middlesex County, Connecticut</u> (New York: J.B. Beers & Co., 1884); Durham History Committee <u>Durham, CT, 1866-1980: Century of Change</u> (Durham: 1980); Fowler, William C. <u>History of Durham</u> (Durham: W.C. Fowler, 1866); Whited, Milton <u>Durham's</u> <u>Heritage</u> (Durham: 1976); 1859 Walling Map; 1874 Beers Atlas.			
РНОТО	P.D. Hall 6/5/83			
	S&W elevations I:23			
ЕD ВҮ	P.D. Hall 8/10/83			
	Greater Middletown Preservation Trust			
COMPIL	ADDRESS			
)	27 Washington St., Middletown, Conn. 06457			
	None knowr, Highways Vandalism Developers Other			
\Box	Renewal Private Deterioration Zoning Explanation			

STATE OF CONNECTICUT

CONNECTICUT HISTORICAL COMMISSION 59 South Prospect Street, Hartford, Connecticut 06106

HISTORIC RESOURCES INVENTORY FORM For Buildings and Structures

FOR OFFICE	USEC	NLY	
TOWN NO.:	Pute NO.:		
UTM: 18/_	//_		1-7/2
QUAD:		/	=
DISTRICT:	5	NR:	ACTUAL
			POTENTIAL

CONTINUATION SHEET Item number: <u>19</u> Date: <u>8/83</u>

ELNATHAN CAMP HOUSE, NE corner Main Street & Maiden Lane, Durham

¹⁹ The building appears to have been used for both residential and connercial purposes, both by Elnathan Camp, who is known to have been a merchant, and by subsequent owners. On Elnathan Camp's death in 1807, the house passed to his son, David Camp. When he died the following year, the property was kept undivided until 1830—though it was apparently occupied by Dennis Camp, who in partnership with his brother-in-law Guernsey Bates, kept a store on the property and was probably responsible for the additions to the east side of the house. Dennis Camp bought out the interests of his cousins, Elnathan Camp's heirs, in 1830. In 1865, Dennis Camp's son, Henry B. Camp of Hartford, sold the property to S.S. Scranton, who sold it shortly thereafter to Smith Crowell. Crowell, who owned the house from 1867 to 1896, kept a tavern on the premises. On his death, the house passed through his daughter into the hands of the Newton family, by whom it was used as a dwelling until 1945. In 1973, it passed to its present owners.

Architecturally, this building is significant as one of Durham's most imposing eighteenth-century buildings, one of two gambrel-roofed buildings remaining in the town. Its historical significance derives from its association with the Camp family and from its function as the most important commercial structure in Durham during the Early National Period.